ABSTRACT
Poverty is one of the government main problems which priority in compiling development strategy. Related to eradication poverty program, some efforts had been done by BPS among others: counting under developing village. In year 1993, 1994, and 1995 BPS had counted under developing village as an identified approach of poor areas. Considering that Indonesia has a wide and various areas, the differences among areas is a basic characteristic of poverty in Indonesia. The purpose of this research is to identify the factor of under developing village and to study relation between the factor of under developing village in Lampung Province using Structural Equation Modeling (SEM) method.

The result of this research shows that for rural areas, access to education, access to health facilities, economy facilities and access to economy facilities, social and access to entertainment give a direct effect and significant for under developing village status, meanwhile for urban areas, education facilities, access to health facilities, economy facilities and access to economy facilities, social and access to entertainment give a direct effect and significant for under developing village status.

Keywords : poverty, under developing village, Structural Equation Modeling (SEM)